



## **Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018**

Through Resolution 7.1, the 7th Session of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP7) to AEWA adopted, amongst other things, the format for national reports on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2018-2020 as presented in document AEWA/MOP 7.17.

Document AEWA/MOP 7.17 envisages a module on the status of native and non-native waterbird species, but it was agreed that this module will be developed by the Technical Committee and approved by the Standing Committee in early 2019. The format for reporting on Article 12 of the European Union's Birds Directive (EU BD) for the period 2013-2018 was agreed as the basis for this module, while focusing only on some fields of the EU reporting template, notably those in Annex B, chapters 1-5.

The alignment of the AEWA population status reporting module with the EU BD Article 12 template for 2013-2018 will, on the one hand, allow reporting of all necessary information by the AEWA Contracting Parties needed for the assessment of the status of AEWA populations, and, on the other hand, will require the EU members states that are Contracting Parties to AEWA to report only once their national data for the native species listed in Annex 2 of AEWA, providing that access to the EU BD Article 12 national reports will be granted to the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat. If any EU Member State with overseas territories within the AEWA area has not reported on the AEWA-listed species in those territories, data should be submitted through the AEWA reporting process.

Unlike the EU BD Article 12 template, the AEWA population status reporting module should request similar type of information for non-native waterbird species as for native species. The EU members states will therefore, like all other AEWA Contracting Parties, need to fill out the AEWA population status reporting module with respect to the status of the non-native waterbird species occurring in their territories, including overseas territories within the AEWA area.

In order to be able to use the national data reported by the AEWA Contracting Parties for the 8th edition of the AEWA Conservation Status Report, this reporting module has been set up separately in the CMS Family Online Reporting System and the deadline for submission of the national population status reports has been set by MOP7 at 30 June 2020.

# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

## **Name of reporting Contracting Party**

>>> Uzbekistan

## **Date of entry into force of AEWA in the Contracting Party**

>>> 01 Apr 2004

## 2. INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION

Please indicate the Designated National Respondent (DNR) and the other contributors to the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018.

Name and title of the DNR

>>> Ms Mardonova Luiza. Chief Specialist Department of State Cadastre and Monitoring of Flora and Fauna.

Affiliation (institution, department, organisation)

>>> The State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection

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### Other contributors to this report

Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this report

Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this report

>>> National ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky - Uzbek Zoological Society;

Uzbekistan Society for the protection of birds

### 3. AEWA-LISTED (NATIVE) WATERBIRD SPECIES

Please report on each species in the drop-down menu. This list contains all AEWA waterbird species that occur in your country. Should you identify any omissions, please contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat.

#### Uzbekistan

#### White-headed Duck / *Oxyura leucocephala*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Latest breeding numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2015

#### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	10
Maximum	20
Best single value	38

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

#### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2019. 329 p.

Reports of monitoring of biodiversity on Dengizkul Lake by Lukoil company (2011-2018)

www.birds.uz

www.uzbekistan.birds.watch

Own information of national expert - Maksim Mitropolskiy

#### Previous breeding numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000

#### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	

Maximum	1500
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Impotrant Bird's Areas of Uzbekistan. Tashkent, 2008.

Red Book of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2019. 329 p. Lanovenko E.N., Filatova E.A.

Own information of national expert - Maksim Mitropolskiy

### Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

#### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?

☒ Yes

#### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to genuine change

### Additional information (optional)

#### Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> changes in the water regime in the Amudarya and Syr Darya river basins (drying out of water bodies, degradation of reed beds)

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

### Latest passage numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015-2017

### Passage numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1200
Maximum	4000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

### Method used for passage numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Impotrant Bird's Areas of Uzbekistan. Tashkent, 2008.

Red Book of Uzbekistan, 2019. 329 p.

Reports of monitoring of biodiversity on Dengizkul Lake by Lukoil company (2011-2018)

www.birds.uz

www.uzbekistan.birds.watch

Own information of national expert - Maksim Mitropolskiy

### Previous passage numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

### Additional information (optional)

#### Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris , Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

#### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2011-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	312
Maximum	10 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2019. 329 p.

Reports of monitoring of biodiversity on Dengizkul Lake by Lukoil company (2011-2018)

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2001-2005

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1107
Maximum	5135
Best single value	5135

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

About the current number of *Marmaronetta angustirostris*, *Aythya nyroca*, *Oxyura leucocephala* and *Phalacrocorax pygmeus* in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Long-term trend

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1980-2015

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available,

ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2000
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris , Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ Yes

#### **Passage numbers trend estimate is available for:**

☒ Long-term trend

#### **Short-term passage numbers trend estimate**

#### **Long-term passage numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1980-2015

#### **Long-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	2000

#### **Method used for long-term trend estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No



## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1980-2015

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	6000

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

## Breeding range size and trend

### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

## Mute Swan / *Cygnus olor*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2012 - 2017

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	100
Maximum	350
Best single value	250

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The current state of the Cygnus olor population on Dengizkul Lake. Shernazarov E.Sh., Lanovenko E.N., Azimov N.N., 2016

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	300
Maximum	400
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

Lanovenko, E.N., Kreitsberg, E.A., Zagrebin, S.V., Sudochinskaya system of lakes is a key territory for the conservation of rare bird species in the Southern Aral Sea // Selevinia, 2005, pp. 97-104. 102.

### Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

#### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?

☒ No

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

### Latest passage numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017

#### Passage numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	10
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for passage numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017  
Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

### Previous passage numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ Previous passage numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000-2005

#### Passage numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	100
Maximum	300
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The current state of the Cygnus olor population on Dengizkul Lake. Shernazarov E.Sh., Lanovenko E.N.,

Azimov N.N., 2016

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

Lanovenko, E.N., Kreitsberg, E.A., Zagrebin, S.V., Sudochinskaya system of lakes is a key territory for the conservation of rare bird species in the Southern Aral Sea // Selevinia, 2005, pp. 97-104. 102.

## Changes in the passage numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest passage numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2017

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	4000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The current state of the Cygnus olor population on Dengizkul Lake. Shernazarov E.Sh., Lanovenko E.N., Azimov N.N., 2016

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

Lanovenko, E.N., Kreitsberg, E.A., Zagrebin, S.V., Sudochinskaya system of lakes is a key territory for the conservation of rare bird species in the Southern Aral Sea // Selevinia, 2005, pp. 97-104. 102.

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000-2005

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	800
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2000-2017

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Minimum	100
Maximum	400
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The current state of the Cygnus olor population on Dengizkul Lake. Shernazarov E.Sh., Lanovenko E.N., Azimov N.N., 2016

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

Lanovenko, E.N., Kreitsberg, E.A., Zagrebin, S.V., Sudochinskaya system of lakes is a key territory for the conservation of rare bird species in the Southern Aral Sea // Selevinia, 2005, pp. 97-104. 102.

#### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ Yes

#### Passage numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

#### Short-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2005-2017

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	100
Maximum	250-300
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> The current state of the Cygnus olor population on Dengizkul Lake. Shernazarov E.Sh., Lanovenko E.N., Azimov N.N., 2016

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

Lanovenko, E.N., Kreitsberg, E.A., Zagrebin, S.V., Sudochinskaya system of lakes is a key territory for the conservation of rare bird species in the Southern Aral Sea // Selevinia, 2005, pp. 97-104. 102.

## Long-term passage numbers trend estimate

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2000-2017

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	800
Maximum	4000
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The current state of the Cygnus olor population on Dengizkul Lake. Shernazarov E.Sh., Lanovenko E.N., Azimov N.N., 2016

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

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## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ No**Whooper Swan / *Cygnus cygnus*****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]**Latest passage numbers estimate****Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2015

**Passage numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	10
Maximum	100
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for passage numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; The most important ornithological territories of Uzbekistan. - Tashkent, 2008

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

**Previous passage numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No previous passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]



**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	4
Best single value	4

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000-2005

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	8
Maximum	122
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The most important ornithological territories of Uzbekistan. - Tashkent, 2008

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers**

**estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Greylag Goose / Anser anser****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	1000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Data from the national expert of ornithologist Maxim Mitropolsky

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	250 000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Data from the national expert of ornithologist Maxim Mitropolsky

## Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013 - 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	123 000
Maximum	250 000
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Annual reports of the sports association of hunters and fishermen of Uzbekistan (2013-2018)

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

## Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2013-2018

## Short-term trend direction

☒ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	1000
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Data from the national expert of ornithologist Maxim Mitropolsky

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Bean Goose / Anser fabalis**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	11

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan 2018

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Greater White-fronted Goose / Anser albifrons**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	

Maximum	110 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Data from the national expert of ornithologist Maxim Mitropolsky

### Previous staging numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	15 901
Maximum	24 400
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan, 2018;

The meeting of Anser albifrons and Anser erythropus on the Talimarjan reservoir, Ten A.G., Soldatov V.A., Mitropolskiy M.G.

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ The species does not breed in the country



## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Lesser White-fronted Goose / *Anser erythropus*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	28
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2015

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	20
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The meeting of Anser albifrons and Anser erythropus on the Talimarjan reservoir, Ten A.G., Soldatov V.A., Mitropolskiy M.G., 2016

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Common Goldeneye / Bucephala clangula**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	20
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2016

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	19
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Smew / Mergellus albellus

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	439
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2013, 2016

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	8
Maximum	21
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> RESULTS OF WINTER ACCOUNTS OF WATER-BIRD BIRDS IN THE RESERVOIRS OF THE NAVOI AND BUKHARA REGIONS IN JANUARY 2013, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to the use of different method

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Goosander / Mergus merganser**

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

#### **Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016 - 2018

### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence]

limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	13
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2016, 2018)

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

##### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016 - 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	25
Maximum	105
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2016)

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available



☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2015

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	5
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The meeting of *Anser albifrons* and *Anser erythropus* on the Talimarjan reservoir, Ten A.G., Soldatov V.A., Mitropolskiy M.G., 2016

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Red-breasted Merganser / Mergus serrator**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas

where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Common Shelduck / *Tadorna tadorna***

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

#### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	110
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2018)

#### **Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2016

#### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the

data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	60
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

### Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

#### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?

☒ Yes

#### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to genuine change

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

#### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	34
Maximum	315
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

### Previous staging numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2016

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	145
Maximum	1000
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

### Changes in the staging numbers estimates

#### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest staging numbers estimate?

☒ Yes

#### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to the use of different method

#### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to the use of different method

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Minimum	60
Maximum	1918
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Ruddy Shelduck / *Tadorna ferruginea***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016,2018

#### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	51
Maximum	110
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2018)

#### **Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2017

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	277
Maximum	388
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

### Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	466
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> RESULTS OF WINTER ACCOUNTS OF WATER-BIRD BIRDS IN THE RESERVOIRS OF THE NAVOI AND BUKHARA REGIONS IN JANUARY 2013, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan  
Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2018)



## **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Marbled Teal / Marmaronetta angustirostris**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2014 -2015

**Population unit**☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2
Maximum	15
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Multi-year mean**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris , Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.  
Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

**Previous breeding numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2000

**Population unit**☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	30
Maximum	250
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Multi-year mean**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris , Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Limiting factors: destruction and destruction of habitats due to changes in the water regime in the Amu Darya and Syr Darya river basins, poaching, anxiety.

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014 - 2017

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	500
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

**Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

About the current number of *Marmaronetta angustirostris*, *Aythya nyroca*, *Oxyura leucocephala* and *Phalacrocorax pygmeus* in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

**Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Previous staging numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000-2005

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	500
Maximum	1500
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of *Marmaronetta angustirostris*, *Aythya nyroca*, *Oxyura leucocephala* and *Phalacrocorax pygmeus* in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

### Changes in the staging numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest staging numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to genuine change

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2003-2009

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	120
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of *Marmaronetta angustirostris*, *Aythya nyroca*, *Oxyura leucocephala* and *Phalacrocorax pygmeus* in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Additional information (optional)

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> In the country, this species does not winter regularly.

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Long-term trend

#### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990 -2015

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	10
Maximum	300
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of *Marmaronetta angustirostris*, *Aythya nyroca*, *Oxyura leucocephala* and *Phalacrocorax pygmeus* in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration

census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Red-crested Pochard / *Netta rufina***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015-2018

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	30 000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015,2016, 2017 2018);

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2018)

Conclusion of the national expert of ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

## Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	300 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018);

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

Conclusion of the national expert of ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

## Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	31 500
Maximum	200 000
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> RESULTS OF WINTER ACCOUNTS OF WATER-BIRD BIRDS IN THE RESERVOIRS OF THE NAVOI AND BUKHARA REGIONS IN JANUARY 2013, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018);

Report on waterfowl accounting of the State Biocontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan(2013);

Conclusion of the national expert of ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes



**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Common Pochard / *Aythya ferina***

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	400
Best single value	

### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

### **Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

### **Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	290
Maximum	559
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

Луток

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013 - 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2 700
Maximum	4000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The state of wintering and the dynamics of the number of red-headed dives in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya, 2015., Mitropolskiy M.G.;  
RESULTS OF WINTER ACCOUNTS OF WATER-BIRD BIRDS IN THE RESERVOIRS OF THE NAVOI AND BUKHARA REGIONS IN JANUARY 2013, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2008-2011

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	32 850
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The state of wintering and the dynamics of the number of red-headed dives in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya, 2015, Maksim Mitropolsky

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration

census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1988 -2014

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2700
Maximum	50 500
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The state of wintering and the dynamics of the number of red-headed dives in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya, 2015, Maksim Mitropolsky

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Ferruginous Duck / *Aythya nyroca*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013 - 2016

#### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	250
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

#### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of *Marmaronetta angustirostris*, *Aythya nyroca*, *Oxyura leucocephala* and *Phalacrocorax pygmeus* in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

#### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000 -2005

#### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	1000
Best single value	

#### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris, Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

### Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to genuine change

### Additional information (optional)

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Limiting factors. Destruction of habitats due to changes in the water regime of water bodies in the Amu Darya and Syr Darya river basins, extremely cold winters, poaching. More than 50% of the suitable habitats of the world population are disturbed in the 20th century

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2016

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	230
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris, Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.; Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	500
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris, Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> until 2000

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	7000
Best single value	

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris , Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2000 - 2017

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	250
Maximum	2000
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

## Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca.**



## 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2000-2017

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	500
Maximum	7000
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Tufted Duck / *Aythya fuligula***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

##### **Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

##### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	5000
Best single value	

##### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

##### **Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

##### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018)

Report on waterfowl accounting of the State Biocontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan(2013)

Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

#### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

##### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	3000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Garganey / *Spatula querquedula*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

#### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	90 000
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018);

The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018);

Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

### Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Northern Shoveler / *Spatula clypeata***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Gadwall / Mareca strepera**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

#### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value.

In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	45
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018)

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

#### Previous breeding numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

##### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

##### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Latest staging numbers estimate

##### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017-2018

#### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	17
Maximum	450
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013 , 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	20
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on waterfowl accounting of the State Biocontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan(2013)  
IWC Uzbekistan, 2018

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]



**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ No**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ Yes**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**☒ No**Eurasian Wigeon / *Mareca penelope*****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]**Latest staging numbers estimate****Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017-2018

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	45
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for staging numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

**Previous staging numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	18
Maximum	46
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; Lampila, P., Ten, A. &amp; Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Mallard / *Anas platyrhynchos***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	70
Maximum	700
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018)  
Report on waterfowl accounting of the State Biocontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan(2013);  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

## Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	800 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018)  
Report on waterfowl accounting of the State Biocontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan(2013);  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

## Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	150 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
RESULTS OF WINTER ACCOUNTS OF WATER-BIRD BIRDS IN THE RESERVOIRS OF THE NAVOI AND BUKHARA  
REGIONS IN JANUARY 2013, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;  
Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser  
White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.;  
IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018;  
Overview of anseriformes wintering in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya at the turn of the 20th  
and 21st centuries, 2015, Maksim Mitropolskiy

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1988 -2014

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	74 250
Maximum	642 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Overview of anseriformes wintering in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya at the turn of the  
20th and 21st centuries, 2015, Maksim Mitropolskiy

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Northern Pintail / *Anas acuta***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	101
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.; IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018;

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ No**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ No**Common Teal / *Anas crecca*****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]**Latest staging numbers estimate****Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3000
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate



### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017)

### Previous staging numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013,2014, 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3 800
Maximum	10 274
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Overview of anseriformes wintering in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya at the turn of the 20th and 21st centuries, 2015, Maksim Mitropolskiy;  
Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.;  
IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018;

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1998-2014

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3800

Maximum	67 640
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Overview of anseriformes wintering in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya at the turn of the 20th and 21st centuries, 2015, Maksim Mitropolskiy

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12**

**years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate****Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate****Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1998-2014

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3 800
Maximum	67 640
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Overview of anseriformes wintering in the interfluvium of the Syr Darya and Amu Darya at the turn of the 20th and 21st centuries, 2015, Maksim Mitropolskiy

**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ No**Red-necked Grebe / Podiceps grisegena****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Great Crested Grebe / Podiceps cristatus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

#### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	250
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

#### Previous breeding numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

##### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

##### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Latest staging numbers estimate

##### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

#### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	5 000
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014 - 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	4 000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018);  
Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany;  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Horned Grebe / Podiceps auritus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

#### **Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017

#### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	12
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

### **Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017)

### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

#### **Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

#### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Black-necked Grebe / Podiceps nigricollis**



## Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	800

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017)

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### Latest passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2017

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Minimum	140
Maximum	300
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1996-2006

#### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	250
Maximum	5 800
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The most important ornithological territories of Uzbekistan. Under. Ed. R.D. Kashkarova, D.R. Welch and M. Brombacher with the participation of E.N. Lanovenko. Tashkent 2008.192 p.  
 Kreitsberg-Mukhina E.A., Kashkarov D.Yu., Lanovenko E.N., Sernazarov E.Sh., Peregontsev E.A. Birds of water bodies of Uzbekistan and the Central Asian region. Field identifier of wetland birds. Tashkent-Almaty, 2005, 230 p.

#### Changes in the staging numbers estimates

##### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest staging numbers estimate?

☒ Yes

##### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to the use of different method

##### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to the use of different method

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	124
Maximum	168
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.  
IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018;

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2003-2005

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	157
Maximum	1066
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The most important ornithological territories of Uzbekistan. Under. Ed. R.D. Kashkarova, D.R. Welch and M. Brombacher with the participation of E.N. Lanovenko. Tashkent 2008.192 p.  
Kreitsberg-Mukhina E.A., Kashkarov D.Yu., Lanovenko E.N., Sernazarov E.Sh., Peregontsev E.A. Birds of water bodies of Uzbekistan and the Central Asian region. Field identifier of wetland birds. Tashkent-Almaty, 2005,

## **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to the use of different method

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Greater Flamingo / *Phoenicopterus roseus***

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

## Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014, 2017

## Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	3000
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

## Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About nesting of *Phoenicopertus roseus* on Sudochoye lake (South Aral Sea region, Karakalpakstan), M.A. Jumanov, Ya.I. Ametov, I.M. Arepov, 2014;  
<http://sovminrk.gov.uz/uz/news/show/8410> (2017)

## Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017

## Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	300

Best single value	
-------------------	--

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

### Previous staging numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2001-2010

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	180
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About nesting of *Phoenicopertus roseus* on Sudochoye lake (South Aral Sea region, Karakalpakstan), M.A. Jumanov, Ya.I. Ametov, I.M. Arepov, 2014;

### Changes in the staging numbers estimates

#### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest staging numbers estimate?

☒ Yes

#### Please clarify the nature of change

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☒ Due to genuine change

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ Yes

**Passage numbers trend estimate is available for:**

☒ Short-term trend

### Short-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2001-2017

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	300
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term trend estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> About nesting of *Phoenicopterus roseus* on Sudochoye lake (South Aral Sea region, Karakalpakstan), M.A. Jumanov, Ya.I. Ametov, I.M. Arepov, 2014;  
Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

### Long-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ Yes**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**☒ No**Western Water Rail / Rallus aquaticus****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available**Latest breeding numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2015 - 2018

**Population unit**☒ Calling males

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	600
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Multi-year mean**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018)

**Previous breeding numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Latest passage numbers estimate****Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]**Latest staging numbers estimate****Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2015-2018



### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	3000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018) ;  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky.

### Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	2000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;  
The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018);

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is**

**available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Corncrake / *Crex crex*****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Spotted Crane / Porzana porzana**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Common Moorhen / Gallinula chloropus**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Common Coot / Fulica atra**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015-2018

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	25 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Latest passage numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	500 000
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

## Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of  
Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018);

The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018);

Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	350 000
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of  
Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018);

The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018);

Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Siberian Crane / *Leucogeranus leucogeranus***

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### **Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

### **Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014

### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best



single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	4
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Spring migration of Cranes in Central Uzbekistan in 2014, M.G. Mitropolsky (2014)

#### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

##### **Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

#### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Eurasian Spoonbill / *Platalea leucorodia*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	50
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;  
Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019.

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2009

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	400
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2009;

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ No**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ Yes**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**☒ No**Glossy Ibis / Plegadis falcinellus****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available**Latest breeding numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2009 - 2018

**Population unit**☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	100
Maximum	700
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Multi-year mean**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

**Previous breeding numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

## Latest passage numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2009-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	110
Maximum	300
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> the influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in

Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Eurasian Bittern / Botaurus stellaris**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca.**

## **1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

### **Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Common Little Bittern / *Ixobrychus minutus***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Black-crowned Night-heron / Nycticorax nycticorax**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season



## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Squacco Heron / *Ardeola ralloides*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2009, 2016

#### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3

Maximum	100
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Abduraupov T.V., Sudarev V.O., Zhumaev F.K. About the yellow heron *Ardeola ralloides* in the South Aral Sea region // Modern problems of conservation of rare, endangered and poorly studied animals of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2016. P.70;

Mitropolsky O.V. Yellow Heron *Ardeola ralloides*. // Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan. Animals. T.2. - Tashkent, 2009. - S.134-135

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Grey Heron / Ardea cinerea**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	86
Maximum	
Best single value	

### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018

### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

#### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Purple Heron / *Ardea purpurea***

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Great White Egret / Ardea alba**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

## Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	50
Maximum	150
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on waterfowl accounting of the State Biocontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan(2013-2016);  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

## Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	180

Maximum	
Best single value	

### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Lampila, P., Ten, A. & Eskelin, T. (2018). Monitoring of Lesser White-fronted Geese in Uzbekistan. AEWA Lesser White-fronted Goose International Working Group Report Series No. 10, Bonn, Germany.

### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Little Egret / Egretta garzetta

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014-2018

#### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	200
Maximum	400
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

#### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in

Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

#### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### Latest passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Latest staging numbers estimate

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014-2018

#### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best



single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	100
Maximum	400
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2016, 2018)

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

##### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014 -2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	100
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan

## **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Dalmatian Pelican / *Pelecanus crispus***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2017

#### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	80
Maximum	250
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

Action Plans for the Conservation of Globally Threatened Bird Species in Uzbekistan. Central Asian region, 2014, E.N. Lanovenko, E. Shernazarov, F.K. Filatov;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013 -2017

**Passage numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	200
Maximum	1000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

## Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

Action Plans for the Conservation of Globally Threatened Bird Species in Uzbekistan. Central Asian region, 2014, E.N. Lanovenko, E. Shernazarov, F.K. Filatov;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;

Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko

## Previous passage numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2017

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	218
Maximum	901
Best single value	

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

Action Plans for the Conservation of Globally Threatened Bird Species in Uzbekistan. Central Asian region, 2014, E.N. Lanovenko, E. Shernazarov, F.K. Filatov;

Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Great White Pelican / *Pelecanus onocrotalus***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014, 2017

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	500
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2019. 329 p. E. Sh. Shernazarov

The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017;

Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky;

Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

### Latest passage numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2014 - 2017

### Passage numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	4000
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

#### Method used for passage numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2019. 329 p. E. Sh. Shernazarov

"INFLUENCE OF THREAT FACTORS ON THE STATE OF RARE AND THREATED SPECIES BIRDS AND THEIR PLACES IN UZBEKISTAN"

E.N. Lanovenko - Issues of bird protection in Uzbekistan. Materials of the Republican conference dedicated to 10-

the anniversary of the Society for the Protection of Birds of Uzbekistan and the 80th birthday of Professor Daniil

Yuryevich Kashkarov. November 20-21, 2017. - Tashkent, 2017.222 s.;

Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan

### Previous passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017 - 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	66
Maximum	1500
Best single value	800

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of Uzbekistan, Tashkent, 2019. 329 p. E. Sh. Shernazarov

IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018;

Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ No**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ Yes**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**☒ No**Pygmy Cormorant / Microcarbo pygmaeus****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available**Latest breeding numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2016-2018

**Population unit**☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	55
Maximum	256
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Multi-year mean**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**☒ Insufficient or no data available**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**



**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000 - 2005

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	12 000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019

Lanovenko, E.N., Kreitsberg, E.A., Zagrebin, S.V., Sudochinskaya system of lakes is a key territory for the conservation of rare bird species in the Southern Aral Sea // Selevinia, 2005, pp. 97-104. 102.

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate****Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	14
Maximum	81
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Minimum

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Insufficient or no data available

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

##### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	382
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Minimum

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2000

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	11 000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017  
Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;  
About the current number of Marmaronetta angustirostris , Aythya nyroca, Oxyura leucocephala and Phalacrocorax pygmeus in Uzbekistan, 2016., Lanovenko E.N., Shernazarov E., Filatov A.K.

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Great Cormorant / *Phalacrocorax carbo***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	61130
Maximum	84919
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The annual report of the sports association of hunters and fishers (2015-2018)

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Eurasian Oystercatcher / *Haematopus ostralegus*****Population Size**

## Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

## Latest passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Pied Avocet / *Recurvirostra avosetta*

## Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Black-winged Stilt / Himantopus himantopus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

##### **Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017

##### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	135
Maximum	
Best single value	

##### **Type of estimate**

☒ Minimum

##### **Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Insufficient or no data available

##### **Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017)

#### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Population trend**



## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ Yes

### Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?

☒ No

## Little Ringed Plover / Charadrius dubius

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

## Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

### Population unit

☒ Lekking males

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	

Best single value	
-------------------	--

**Type of estimate**☒ Minimum**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**☒ Insufficient or no data available**Previous breeding numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available**Additional information (optional)****Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> It nests everywhere and occurs on migration in the plains and mountains of Uzbekistan

**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Kentish Plover / Charadrius alexandrinus**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

##### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

##### **Type of estimate**

☒ Minimum

##### **Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Insufficient or no data available

#### **Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> This is a numerous nesting migratory bird of river valleys, adhering mainly to discharge lakes, as well as lakes and reservoirs with brackish water throughout the plains of Uzbekistan.

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Lesser Sandplover / Charadrius mongolus**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Latest passage numbers estimate**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Additional information (optional)

### Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Very rare species during migrations

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Greater Sandplover / Charadrius leschenaultii**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

#### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Minimum

#### **Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Insufficient or no data available

#### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> common migratory nesting bird

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Caspian Plover / *Charadrius asiaticus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> A small nesting bird, found in small numbers on migration.

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes



**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Northern Lapwing / *Vanellus vanellus***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Sociable Lapwing / *Vanellus gregarius*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### Latest passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

#### Year or period

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016, 2018

#### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3474
Maximum	4060
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Donald, P.F., et al. 2016. A globally important migration staging site for Sociable Lapwings *Vanellus gregarius* in Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan. *Sandgrouse* 38: 82 - 95;

Iankov, P. 2016. Sociable lapwing Field trip summary: Turkmenistan 30 Mar - 06 Apr 2016. Field Trip Report, Burgas, 6 pp.;

A study of the *Vanellus gregarius* quacket in 2016 on the eastern migration route (SE Turkmenistan and SW Uzbekistan). Azimov, P. Yankov, R. Kashkarov, M. Koshkin, E. Rustamov, V. Soldatov, A. Ten, A. Weiisov - *Ornithological Bulletin of Kazakhstan and Central Asia*, Issue 4, 2017;

Report submitted by the UZSPB to the Committee on Ecology - "MONITORING VANELLUS GREGARIUS IN TALIMARJAN " (2018)

### Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Previous staging numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2010

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	200

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for staging numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Golder Associates, 2011

**Changes in the staging numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest staging numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ The nature of change is not known

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to the use of different method

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **White-tailed Lapwing / Vanellus leucurus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest breeding numbers estimate**

##### **Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

##### **Type of estimate**

☒ Minimum

##### **Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

#### **Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> In Uzbekistan, the common nesting, migratory bird.

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Whimbrel / Numenius phaeopus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Slender-billed Curlew / Numenius tenuirostris**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

## Latest passage numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Minimum

### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Insufficient or no data available

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Additional information (optional)

### Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Critically Endangered migratory species. There are no confirmed meetings over the past decade.

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Eurasian Curlew / Numenius arquata**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

#### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Vulnerable, declining migratory species



### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Bar-tailed Godwit / *Limosa lapponica***

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### Additional information (optional)

#### Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> single birds occur during migration

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

## Black-tailed Godwit / *Limosa limosa*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Latest staging numbers estimate

##### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Small migratory species

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

#### Population trend

##### Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:

☒ The species does not breed in the country

##### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Ruddy Turnstone / *Arenaria interpres***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Ruff / Calidris pugnax**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

## **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Common migratory birds

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Broad-billed Sandpiper / Calidris falcinellus**

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

## Previous staging numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Additional information (optional)

### Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> A few birds found in Uzbekistan during seasonal migrations

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether:

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Curlew Sandpiper / Calidris ferruginea**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

#### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Migratory, common, sometimes numerous species of bird

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas



where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Temminck's Stint / *Calidris temminckii***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

## Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

## Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Additional information (optional)

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Numerous migratory bird

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Sanderling / Calidris alba**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

##### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> relatively rare migratory species

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Dunlin / *Calidris alpina***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

**Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> common, sometimes numerous, occurring during migration

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Little Stint / Calidris minuta**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]**Latest staging numbers estimate****Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Previous staging numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available**Additional information (optional)****Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

&gt;&gt;&gt; Numerous migratory bird

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Eurasian Woodcock / Scolopax rusticola**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Great Snipe / Gallinago media**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes



**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Common Snipe / Gallinago gallinago**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Jack Snipe / *Lymnocryptes minimus***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Red-necked Phalarope / Phalaropus lobatus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Numerous migratory bird

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Terek Sandpiper / Xenus cinereus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]**Latest staging numbers estimate****Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Previous staging numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available**Additional information (optional)****Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

&gt;&gt;&gt; a few migratory bird

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Common Sandpiper / *Actitis hypoleucos***

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Green Sandpiper / Tringa ochropus

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

## Latest staging numbers estimate

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

## Previous staging numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

## Additional information (optional)

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> Common species abundant in spring and autumn migrations

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Spotted Redshank / *Tringa erythropus***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas



where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Common Greenshank / Tringa nebularia**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas

where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Common Redshank / Tringa totanus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

##### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

##### **Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### **Wood Sandpiper / Tringa glareola**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Marsh Sandpiper / *Tringa stagnatilis***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Collared Pratincole / Glareola pratincola**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Black-winged Pratincole / Glareola nordmanni**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	25
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> The influence of threat factors on the state of rare and threatened bird species and their habitat in Uzbekistan. E.N. Lanovenko., 2017;  
Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019;  
Expert opinion of the national ornithologist Maskim Mitropolsky

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Little Gull / Hydrocoloeus minutus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2010-2011

**Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	10



Best single value	
-------------------	--

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for staging numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> <https://www.birds.uz/species/190> (oral message of Ten A., photographs of Soldatov V.)

**Previous staging numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ No**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ No**Slender-billed Gull / *Larus genei***

## Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

### Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

### Population unit

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	65
Maximum	511
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### Latest passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Latest staging numbers estimate

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

### Staging numbers

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

--	--

Minimum	658
Maximum	3037
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean (of seasonal maximum counts)

#### Method used for staging numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;  
Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017, 2018)

#### Previous staging numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	83

#### Type of estimate

☒ Minimum

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Ornithological monitoring at the Khauzak-Shady site of the Dengizkul field, 2016., E.N. Lanovenko;

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

##### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Black-headed Gull / *Larus ridibundus*****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2017

**Population unit**

☒ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	115

Maximum	
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Minimum

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Final report on the monitoring of the state of the plant and animal kingdoms during oil and gas operations of Lukoil Uzbekistan Operating Company LLC (2017)

### Previous breeding numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

#### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	310
Maximum	
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Minimum

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> IWC of Uzbekistan, 2018

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Pallas's Gull / *Larus ichthyaetus***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2014

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	3000
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the number of birds listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2014, Gosbiokontrol of the Republic of Uzbekistan

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Lesser Black-backed Gull / Larus fuscus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]



**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Little Tern / *Sternula albifrons***

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Common Gull-billed Tern / Gelochelidon nilotica**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Caspian Tern / Hydroprogne caspia**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Latest staging numbers estimate**

##### **Staging numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

#### **Previous staging numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> small species in the region with a stable population. It occurs during the migration period, nests in some places.

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Whiskered Tern / Chlidonias hybridus**

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**White-winged Tern / Chlidonias leucopterus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Black Tern / Chlidonias niger**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Common Tern / *Sterna hirundo***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No



#### **4. NON-NATIVE WATERBIRD SPECIES**

**Please select from the drop-down list below only the non-native species that occur in your country. This list contains the non-native waterbird species that have been identified to occur in the Agreement area. Should any additional species occur in your country, please contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat. Please note that some species are listed under AEWA and are native in some parts of the Agreement area, but are non-native in others.**

In the case that there are no non-native waterbird species occurring regularly or occasionally in your country (or its overseas territories, where applicable), please confirm that by checking the box below and proceed to the next section of the reporting template.

☒ There are no non-native waterbird species occurring regularly or occasionally in the country (or its overseas territories, where applicable)

## 5. CONFIRMATION

### Confirmation of information verification and approval for submission.

#### **\*Please confirm:**

In addition a scanned copy of an official letter from the relevant state institution, approving the report for submission, can be attached.

☒ I declare that the information provided in the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018 has been verified and the report has been approved for submission by the appropriate state institution in the country.

#### **\*Date of submission**

>>> 13/07/2020